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1	CAUSE NO. 6,986
2	THE STATE OF TEXAS § IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF
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4	VS. § MORRIS COUNTY, TEXAS §
5	§ BILLY JOE WARDLOW § 276TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT
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7	PRETRIAL MOTIONS
8	STATEMENT OF FACTS
9	HEARING ON PRETRIAL MOTIONS
10	May 18, 1994
11	VOLUME 3 of 43 volumes
12	Defens Hereachle mhereach D. mhereach
13	Before Honorable Thomas B. Thorpe
14	Judge by Judicial Assignment
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	CAUSE NO. 6986
THE STATE OF TEXAS	) IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF
VS.	) MORRIS COUNTY, TEXAS
BILLY JOE WARDLOW	) ) 276TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT

# ORIGINAL

VOLUME A OF PRETRIAL MOTIONS STATEMENT OF FACTS HEARING ON PRETRIAL MOTIONS MAY 18, 1994



JUL 1 4 1995

BOBBY LA PRADE - CLERK, DISTRICT COURT
TITUS COUNTY, TX

DEPUTY

BE IT REMEMBERED THAT on the 18th day of May, 1994, the above-styled and numbered cause came on for a hearing before the Honorable Thomas B. Thorpe, in the 276th Judicial District Court, County of Morris, City of Daingerfield, State of Texas, and the following proceedings were had:

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## APPEARANCES

#### FOR THE STATE:

MR. RICHARD B. TOWNSEND District Attorney 500 Broadnax Street Daingerfield, Texas 75638

#### FOR THE DEFENDANT:

MR. VERNARD G. SOLOMON Attorney at Law 306 W. Houston Street Marshall, Texas 75670

> CHRISTINA WALLACE Certified Shorthand Reporter (903) 639-2176

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### PROCEEDINGS

myself to the attorneys and met you, briefly, and I also want to introduce myself to the defendant. My name is Judge Thorpe. I was the judge in a district court in Dallas for 20 years and just recently retired and took senior judge status which entitles me to sit in other courts throughout the state as I might be needed, and I was assigned by the presiding judge of this first administrative judicial district to hear your case. And so I will be your judge throughout this thing, provided something doesn't happen on it.

The first order of business would be to have the defendant formally arraigned. And so if the defendant would please stand, I'll ask that the district attorney present the indictment.

Your lawyer probably explained to you, but arraignment is for the purpose of reading the indictment so that you'll know exactly what you're charged with and to establish your name, your true name, as being the name contained in the indictment, and then I'll advise you as to the possible consequences of the case and then we'll proceed into the case.

(The indictment was read.)

THE COURT: All right. Mr. Wardlow, do you understand exactly what the indictment charges you with?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Do you understand that under the laws of the State of Texas that if a person intentionally or knowingly causes the death of an individual then that is the offense of murder, but the law goes further and says that if a person commits the offense of murder and intentionally kills the person while attempting to commit or committing the offense of robbery, that that makes it a capital murder. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

understand that a person that's found to be guilty of murder could receive a sentence of confinement in the penitentiary for life or any term of years not more than 99 or less than five? In addition, a fine of up to 10,000 dollars could be imposed, but if a person is found guilty of a capital murder, then the punishment is either life imprisonment or death, depending upon how the jury answers certain questions, and those questions are propounded to the jury. If the jury answers the questions in a certain way, then it's automatic that the Court imposes the death penalty. If the answers to the questions are in a

different way, then of course the Court would sentence you 1 to life imprisonment. So do you understand that? Yes, sir. THE DEFENDANT: 3 All right. Have you conferred THE COURT: 4 with your client and is he ready to enter his plea to the 5 indictment? 6 MR. SOLOMON: Your Honor, at this time when 7 called upon to enter a plea, my client would stand mute. 8 THE COURT: All right. You have a right, 9 of course, to stand mute and the effect of that is that 10 the Court simply enters a plea of not quilty on your 11 behalf and we'll proceed as if it were a plea of not 12 quilty. So do you have any questions about the charge 13 14 or --THE DEFENDANT: No, sir. 15 THE COURT: All right. Have you had an 16 opportunity to go over the questions with him and explain 17 to him the questions that the jury would have to answer? 18 The special issues? 19 MR. SOLOMON: THE COURT: The special issue questions? 20 MR. SOLOMON: No, I have not, Judge. Ι 21 have not gotten to that extent with him. 22 THE COURT: All right. 23 I have explained to him how 24 MR. SOLOMON: the process works in regard to the finding of a -- a 25

finding by a jury that would necessitate the death penalty, but I have not gone over the individual questions.

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THE COURT: All right. One of the -- the issue number one is whether or not there is a probability that the defendant would commit certain acts of violence that would constitute a continuing threat to society. that's -- if you are found to be guilty, then at the second phase of the trial that would be the dominant issue as to whether or not -- because of the facts of the case or because of other circumstances connected with the case that the jury would make that determination as to whether or not there is a probability that you would commit acts of violence in the future. And the Court would also instruct the jury to answer the question whether -- and taking into consideration all of the evidence, including the circumstances of the offense, the defendant's character and background and personal moral culpability such that there is sufficient mitigating circumstances or circumstances to warrant the sentence of life imprisonment rather than a death sentence being imposed.

So even if they answered yes to the question of probability, if they found that there was sufficient mitigating circumstances, then they could make the decision that you be sentenced to life imprisonment rather

than a death sentence. I know that your lawyer will go 1 into these in more detail with you, but it's something to 2 start thinking about in the event that you are found to be quilty. All right. You may be seated. 4 All right. What I really would like to do at this 5 time is sort of go off the record and discuss some of 6 these matters with you and the attorneys informally in 7 order to see just when you think we might be able to get 8 started with this case. So we'll go off the record and 9 we'll put everything on the record that we need. 10 11 (Off the record.) 12 THE COURT: The record will reflect that it's been brought to the Court's attention that the 13 14 defendant has certain problems with Mr. Solomon 15 representing him and that he has contacted Judge Moye by 16 letter or otherwise, and I don't know if he's contacted 17 Judge Porter or not, but is there anything that you want to say to me concerning this matter? 18 No, sir. 19 THE DEFENDANT: 20 THE COURT: And can you articulate to me any feelings or problems that you might have with Mr. 21 Solomon representing you? 22 THE DEFENDANT: As far as his 23 24 qualifications, he's qualified, but it's just as far as the way that I feel about him, it's just that I don't like

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the man. 1 THE COURT: Well, we're --2 3 THE DEFENDANT: And I feel that I may be misrepresented. 4 5 THE COURT: We're not exactly in a popularity contest as to who you like or don't like. 6 7 a matter of -- it's up to the Court to see that you get fair and competent representation. Of course, it's always Я better for everyone if everybody likes each other and can 9 cooperate throughout the proceedings, but that's not 10 entirely necessary to have a case tried. 11 THE DEFENDANT: If I don't like the person, 12 I won't --13 The thing of the matter is that 14 THE COURT: Mr. Solomon's duty is to protect every legal right that 15 you have in the best way that he knows how to do that. He 16 17 has the right to object to everything that's done and to make certain that if you are convicted that you be 18 19 convicted under the laws. In other words, that everybody 20 plays by the rules and that -- then he's also charged with the responsibility of putting your best foot forward to 21 the jury and bringing forth witnesses and testimony that 22 would influence the jury to rule in your favor. How much 23 contact have you had with Mr. Solomon? 24 25 THE DEFENDANT: I believe he's been up here

four times, something like that. 1 THE COURT: And you've been in jail for how 2 3 long? 4 THE DEFENDANT: A year. THE COURT: A year? Okay. And I have to 5 say that in many instances lawyers are busy just like 6 everybody else, and they don't really get down to getting involved in the case until it gets up to the time for the 8 case to come to trial and then they put everything else aside and pay total attention to the case. And in a 10 capital case that's usually what happens is they have to 11 put everything else in their practice aside for a period 12 of time and give their full representation and -- to their 13 client, but up until that time there's just not much that 14 they can do except hold your hand, and you're a big enough 15 man that you don't need that. 16 Is there any other thing about Mr. Solomon other than 17 you just personally maybe dislike him? 18 THE DEFENDANT: It's just something 19 If I don't like the person, I'm not going to 20 personal. work with them. 21 THE COURT: And can you articulate that? 22 Can you explain that to me? 23 THE DEFENDANT: No, sir, I can't explain 24 25 it. It's just something about me that -- there was just

something about the man that I didn't like the day he came 1 in, and I've talked with other counselors that were 2 friends of mine and they told me that I needed somebody 3 that would be my attorney and also be a friend to me because this is going to be a tough case. 5 THE COURT: Well, you know, you have the 6 7 right to retain -- you or your friends have the right to retain anybody that you want to, but I, quite frankly, respect the decision of Judge Moye in appointing Mr. Solomon and unless I have some articulable reason, I'm not 10 going to release him from the case. And I feel certain 11 12 that being the advocate that he his, that once he gets into the case that you'll feel comfortable. 13 certainly would be up to your benefit to cooperate with 14 Is there anything else you want to say on that? 15 him. THE DEFENDANT: No, sir. 16 17 THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Solomon, do you want to add anything to the record on this or --18 19 MR. SOLOMON: Judge, during our 20 conversation and more particularly in regard to some letters that I have received from Billy, I went into the 21 areas with Billy as to what he would do if I continued to 22 represent him and he's indicated to me that he is not in 23 any way going to assist me in the preparation of any 24 25 defense, that he is not going to aid and assist in any

manner, does not want me representing him.

We have a difference of opinions in regard to the preparation for the defense. We have different opinions as to what the plea ought to be. I hate to get involved in this type of litigation where if we get halfway through it and it comes up that because of the attitude or the position that the client takes that it may cause some type of a reversible error to occur, especially since he raised it at the very beginning and not in the process, you know, I don't know if I'm the right man to proceed with Mr. Wardlow's defense given the position that he's taken.

at this point in time that you are an advocate and you'll do everything that you can for and on behalf of your client that's within the law. And I'm going to assume that Mr. Wardlow understands the seriousness of the situation that he's in and that the two of you will be able to get together so that we can go forward in this.

And I'm sure it hasn't been fun for you sitting up there in jail for a year waiting for your trial. And I would assume that you would probably want your case to get started and proceed on as soon as possible and, you know, have this thing behind you, one way or the other. And any changing of counsel at this point in time would, of course, necessitate delaying. And I don't know how long a

period of time it would take to get another attorney appointed and to get him prepared to proceed, but I don't think that that would be to anybody's particular benefit.

So there being no motion that I see in the file pertaining to this and having had the chance to have the defendant express himself, I believe that I would feel comfortable in proceeding on, but if at any time you feel uncomfortable to the point where you feel like you need to file a motion in this respect or the defendant presents anything additional to the Court, why of course I'll consider it. It's the responsibility of the judge to appoint an attorney who is qualified to try the case and unless there's some legal reason, the Court doesn't have the right to release an attorney once he's appointed.

He's got a legal and moral responsibility to do everything he can for you, and I just feel that probably, when we get right down to it, that you will understand that and you will cooperate with Mr. Solomon. People have differences of opinion. He's looking at things perhaps from a legal standpoint as to what's best for you. You may be looking at it from a different standpoint, but it's like going to the doctor. You know, you may think one thing is wrong with you and he may think it's something else. And usually the doctor doesn't say, well, which kind of pill would you prefer to take, you know, would you

like to take this pill or this pill. You know, you'd say, well, I think I would like to have a doctor that would tell me what pill to take.

And sometimes in legal questions that come up it's kind of like diagnosing a medical problem. The lawyer is required to give you what your options are and to tell you what your options are and then he also tells you what he thinks the possible consequences are and recommends a course of action for you, but it still comes down to you deciding on certain matters. So it's up to you to decide what your plea is and it's up to you to decide whether or not to testify or not to testify.

There are certain things that are strictly things for you to determine yourself after you've received advice from your attorney. And I would certainly encourage you to listen very carefully to the legal advice that you get from this point forward and to make -- you know, try to make as intelligent a decision as you can on it.

All right. I'll proceed on to the next matter. And let me ask the attorneys what y'all anticipate might be a good trial time.

MR. TOWNSEND: Your Honor, I'm here. You know, the sooner the --

THE COURT: So I assume anything I set is okay with you.

MR. TOWNSEND: The sooner the better as far 1 2 as the state is concerned. MR. SOLOMON: Judge, let me -- of course, 3 4 I'm a sole practitioner in Marshall, Texas, which is, oh, about 60 miles from here. And when to set this or when we 5 can get started, if you can give me some kind of an idea 6 7 of what your trial schedule is going to be, I mean, are we going to work this thing for five days a week from 8 daylight to dark or are we going to be able to take some 9 time in the middle for me to take care of other clients 10 that are screaming and hollering or --11 THE COURT: 12 Well, of course, I'll try to be cognizant of everybody's time, but I sort of have a 13 reputation of getting to the bone and going with it. 14 would certainly think that we might be able to work four 15 16 and a half days a week from say 9:00 o'clock until 5:00. 17 It may be that we would be so successful in, you know, getting through this jury selection in a timely fashion 18 19 that it could be more generous in the time frame, but I kind of like to start off with a strict schedule and then 20 ease up if everything -- if everybody seems to be moving 21 along without any undue delay. 22 23 MR. SOLOMON: From my past experience, I 24 think that we could probably anticipate four to six weeks on a jury and maybe -- maybe, Richard, what, a week in 25

trial on the merits? 1 MR. TOWNSEND: A week to a week and a half. 2 3 MR. SOLOMON: Okay. Well, that's what I was hoping 4 THE COURT: 5 that maybe we could pick a jury in four weeks, and usually these cases last a week or ten days. 6 MR. SOLOMON: Uh-huh. 7 8 THE COURT: Do we have any motions that will require testimony? 9 10 MR. SOLOMON: Judge, the motions on file, discovery, I believe, there is nothing that Mr. Townsend 11 12 has held back in any regard. He has furnished me kind of an open file policy. I believe that's correct. And, of 13 14 course, I don't know what he's got in the file, but it 15 appears that he's given me everything as it has come in. 16 MR. TOWNSEND: There are some photographs 17 that I don't think you've seen. 18 Okay. MR. SOLOMON: 19 MR. TOWNSEND: You know, a few minor items 20 like that, but other than that. 21 The only thing that -- there MR. SOLOMON: 22 has been a matter come up in the form of a letter that I 23 have not reviewed and we may have a suppression hearing on 24 that, but that might be something that we can take up at any time prior to the beginning of the trial. 25

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need for -- I was hoping we could work out something by agreement on venue, but a possibility we'll file a motion for a change of venue and a motion for the appointment of investigators or an investigator and a psychiatric evaluation by a doctor of our choice. I think probably that along with an open discovery order that he'll supplement anything or identify anything that he's held back and not given me and then we can identify what he has by an itemized list to be filed with the Court to identify those. MR. TOWNSEND: We could get those lists ready for you. No problem. MR. SOLOMON: And then I'm going to need some time to put together the necessary evidence in regard to a change of venue and have a hearing on that. THE COURT: All right. What about the state? Do you see the need for any --The only thing that we have MR. TOWNSEND: set as far as motions at this time are in relation to the letter Mr. Solomon discussed. We have a motion for a 20 handwriting exemplar to be taken and we have a motion in limine filed as to discussion of parole and a motion 22 for -- to be given certified copies of some of the 23 defendant's juvenile records, but nothing that would 24 25 require an evidentiary hearing.

THE COURT: Okay. 1 MR. SOLOMON: Judge, my -- I would like to 2 be given enough time prior to the beginning of the voir 3 dire so that I can either speed up some of the litigation that I've got currently pending with clients -- and it's 5 mostly going to be in the area of domestic relations 6 requiring hearings -- that I can maybe accelerate some of 7 those and put off some so that I won't be caught with, oh, 8 grievances being filed for nonprosecution of the cases 9 10 that I'm representing. I understand. That's perhaps a THE COURT: 11 problem with any lawyer that takes on a case of this 12 How many weeks does it take to get a jury magnitude. 13 panel notified, say if I wanted a jury for the week of 14 15 June 20th? THE DISTRICT CLERK: We usually send out 16 our notices about two weeks ahead. Of course, we could 17 pull the list any day, but if we have two weeks notice, I 18 think that would do. 19 THE COURT: What does June the 20th look 20 like for everybody? 21 22 MR. TOWNSEND: For --THE COURT: Commencing of voir dire and 23 then I can hold the week of June the 6th open for any 24 motions and evidentiary hearings. I think we can go off 25

the record while we discuss this.

(Off the record.)

THE COURT: All right. The Court will come to order, and during the recess we had further conversations with the lawyers and the Court is going to set pretrial or set a hearing on change of venue for July the 23rd at 10:00 a.m. in consideration of your 60 mile drive.

MR. SOLOMON: Thank you, Judge.

any other matters that require testimony on the 23rd and carry that over to July the 24th, if necessary. If the Court denies the change of venue, then I will call for a jury panel on July the 11th. I said July the -- that's June, June the 23rd is what I meant to say, and will call for a jury panel on July the 11th, and if the change of venue should be granted, I will call for a jury panel in an adjoining county for July the 18th, providing that they are able to accommodate us.

The Court will go through and look at the motions on file and rule on those motions that are to be ruled on at this time. The first thing that comes to my attention is the defendant's letter to Judge Moye, and of course it's -- you know, you have the right to write a letter to anybody that you want to, but I would caution you that you

would be well served by not discussing any of the facts of the case in any letter that you write because it may constitute admissible testimony against you and it may be matters that can be used against you. Just matters of procedure, it's always better that you go through your attorney.

I have a motion in limine. I'll call this motion in limine number one in the event there's others filed. Paragraph one is granted. Paragraph two is granted. Paragraph three is granted. Paragraph four is granted at this time. Paragraph five is granted. Six is granted. Seven is granted and these -- as a motion in limine. Of course, if a hearing is conducted and it is shown that he has been previously convicted, then that would be admissible.

Paragraph eight is -- of course, it's part of the jury voir dire that the jury might know that both sides have the right to call reputation witnesses. The state has the right to call witnesses that might testify that the defendant has a bad reputation. The defendant has the right to call witnesses that might say he has a good reputation.

MR. SOLOMON: I have no objection to that, Your Honor. What the limine goes to is the prosecutor informing the jury that we will call witnesses to testify

that he has a bad reputation. 1 THE COURT: Well, how about changing "may" 2 3 to "will"? Do you have any objection to that? MR. SOLOMON: Yes. And I have no objection 4 to it. 5 THE COURT: All right. I changed "may" to 6 "will" and will grant it on that basis. Motion for mental 7 examination -- now, is this a motion that's separate and apart from your motion asking for medical assistance in --MR. SOLOMON: I think this is the motion, 10 I think it would go to -- this examination would 11 lead to any other, if necessary. I have a motion for the 12 appointment of mental -- just a second --13 THE COURT: As I read this motion, it would 14 be up to the Court to appoint an expert to examine the 15 defendant and make that examination available to the Court 16 on the issue of competency. I thought I saw another 17 motion that was different. Let me pass by this motion for 18 19 a moment --20 MR. SOLOMON: Okay. THE COURT: -- and we'll come back to it. 21 Defendant's pretrial motion for disclosure of exculpatory 22 23 evidence. Has the state reviewed this motion? MR. TOWNSEND: Yes, Your Honor. 24 Do you have any objection to 25 MR. SOLOMON:

any part of it? 1 2 MR. TOWNSEND: Let me answer real quickly. No, I didn't have any objections, Your Honor. 3 THE COURT: All right. That's granted by 4 agreement. 5 6 The Court would rule that the state will reveal any information that is relevant or material and favorable to 7 8 the defendant on the issue of guilt or punishment and that this is a continuing motion and continues throughout the 9 10 proceeding, which means the state has a continuing obligation to comply with this newly found evidence, if 11 12 any. Okay. Motion in limine -- we'll call this number 13 two -- well, I wouldn't think I'd have to rule on this, 14 15 but I'll grant that. I'm sure that counsel isn't going to 16 engage in name calling. 17 Defendant's motion for a list of state's witnesses. 18 MR. TOWNSEND: I have no disagreement with 19 it. 20 THE COURT: You have no disagreement? 21 Okay. That can be so granted by agreement. And the list 22 of witnesses will, of course, have to be filed prior to jury voir dire so that the defendant might have the 23 benefit of that during jury voir dire. 24 25 Defendant's motion for court reporter to transcribe

proceedings is granted.

Motion for a hearing to determine qualification and reputation of the character witnesses to testify pursuant to Rule 405, that is granted.

Motion for the appointment of an investigator and expert witness. Okay. The Court will grant the motion for you to hire an investigator. The Court will not appoint an investigator by name, but will give you the authority to select your own investigator and will limit expenses to 1,500 dollars at this time without prejudice to you asking for additional sums, if you show that it's necessary.

Okay. Motion for discovery production and inspection of evidence number one, I don't know if counsel for the state has had time to go over all of this or not.

MR. TOWNSEND: Your Honor, I have not thoroughly read this, but I certainly don't anticipate failing to disclose anything.

MR. SOLOMON: Judge, if --

THE COURT: Well, why don't I just rule that this is granted by agreement, but the state has the right to bring any portion of it to my attention that you disagree with in a reasonable time and then the Court would make a specific ruling on that. Does that satisfy you?

MR. SOLOMON: Yes, Judge. The only thing I 1 ask is if there's one of those requests that there is none 2 available that we have a response to it that there is 3 4 none. 5 THE COURT: All right. 6 MR. TOWNSEND: Okav. That's fine. 7 MR. SOLOMON: Maybe a written response to each one of them and then we can --8 9 MR. TOWNSEND: Let me write a note on that. THE COURT: Okay. What I've written on 10 here for clarification is that this is granted by 11 agreement. If the state seeks to object to any particular 12 item, they must bring it to the attention of the Court 13 within two weeks of this date. If state's response to 14 15 requested -- to request is that no such evidence exists or that no such evidence is in their possession, then that 16 notation should be made. 17 All right. I think that concludes all matters except 18 the defendant's motion for mental examination. 19 20 could go off the record for just a minute. (Off the record.) 21 22 THE COURT: All right. The defendant has 23 amended his -- defendant's motion for mental examination to show that it is a motion for mental experts and that he 24 be allowed to retain a mental expert to act as part of his 25

Any objection to the amendment from the state? 1 2 MR. TOWNSEND: None, Your Honor. 3 THE COURT: Okay. All right. The Court 4 grants the defendant's request that he be allowed to 5 retain an expert witness to act as a member of the defense team and to make a report to the defendant. The Court 6 7 will limit expenses to 2,500 dollars at this time, and I 8 believe from talking with both sides that you feel like 9 you can work within that range, at least initially? 10 MR. SOLOMON: Uh-huh. THE COURT: Does the state have any Brady 11 material that it wishes to make a record at this time that 12 13 you have in this case? 14 MR. TOWNSEND: None, Your Honor. 15 THE COURT: The record will so reflect. Any other motions that either side would want to bring to 16 17 the attention of the Court? I believe you have a 18 handwriting exemplar or --19 MR. TOWNSEND: Yes, Your Honor, I've got a motion. 20 21 THE COURT: Has the defendant been served 22 with a copy of the motion for a handwriting exemplar? 23 MR. SOLOMON: I have a copy of it, yes. 24 THE COURT: Is there any objection to the 25 motion or any argument on the motion?

MR. SOLOMON: I have no objection, Judge. 1 THE COURT: All right. The motion is 2 granted and the defendant will be ordered to comply. 3 And what this is, Mr. Wardlow, is a request that you just write in your usual handwriting this paragraph that won't make an awful lot of sense to you, but just write that in 6 your own handwriting and follow this order. Your lawyer 7 will explain that to you further. 8 All right. Any other matters that either side would 9 like to bring up? 10 MR. TOWNSEND: Your Honor, at this time 11 I've got this motion for juvenile records. The district 12 clerk's office has, I believe, a juvenile record on Billy 13 Wardlow that would show a juvenile conviction in Morris 14 15 County, cause number 247. And I would just like a certified copy of that pursuant to 3707, Code of Criminal 16 17 Procedure, and 5114 of the Family Code. 18 THE COURT: Have you been served with a 19 copy of that? 20 MR. SOLOMON: I have a copy of that, Your 21 Honor, yes. THE COURT: All right. Do you have any 22 objection to it so long as I require him to furnish you 23 with a copy of it? 24 I have no objection. 25 MR. SOLOMON:

1	THE COURT: That is agreeable? Granted.
2	All right. Anything else then? All right. And just for
3	planning purposes, the matters that we will go into
4	besides the change of venue on June the 23rd will be
5	possibility of the admission admissibility of certain
6	statements made by the defendant after he was under arrest
7	and in custody. Is that basically
8	MR. SOLOMON: That's correct, Your Honor.
9	THE COURT: the only other motion that
10	you're aware of at this time? Okay. Do you mind if I ask
11	the defendant a couple of general questions?
12	MR. SOLOMON: I have no objection, Your
13	Honor.
14	THE COURT: It's all right with you? How
15	old are you?
16	THE DEFENDANT: Nineteen.
17	THE COURT: Nineteen years old?
18	THE DEFENDANT: Uh-huh.
19	THE COURT: Okay. And how far did you go
20	in school, Mr. Wardlow?
21	THE DEFENDANT: To the 12th.
22	THE COURT: The 12th grade? Did you
23	graduate or
24	THE DEFENDANT: No, sir, I stopped halfway
25	through the 12th grade.

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THE COURT: Halfway through the 12th? Do
1
   you live in Morris County?
2
                  THE DEFENDANT:
                                  I did. I lived in Cason.
3
                  THE COURT: And how long have you lived in
4
   the county?
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                  THE DEFENDANT: Eighteen, seventeen years.
6
7
   Probably 17 years.
                   THE COURT: Most all of your life?
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                   THE DEFENDANT: Most of my life, yes, sir.
9
                   THE COURT: And is your father and mother
10
    in this county?
11
                   THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.
12
                   THE COURT: And they are married and not
13
    separated or divorced?
14
                   THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.
15
                   THE COURT: And do you have brothers and
16
    sisters?
17
                   THE DEFENDANT:
                                   One brother.
18
19
                   THE COURT: And have you received visits
    from your family?
20
21
                   THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.
                   THE COURT: Okay. Is there any -- anything
22
23
    further you'd like to say at this time?
24
                   THE DEFENDANT: No, sir.
                   THE COURT: All right. We'll close the
25
                         CHRISTINA WALLACE
                   Certified Shorthand Reporter
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                           (903) 639-2176
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hearing and the Court will prepare the docket sheet, and
1
   all the Court's rulings are on record. All right. Thank
3
   you.
                        (End of hearing.)
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                          CHRISTINA WALLACE
                                                            28
                    Certified Shorthand Reporter
                            (903) 639-2176
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STATE OF TEXAS )
COUNTY OF MORRIS )

I, Christina M. Wallace, a Certified Shorthand
Reporter and Notary Public in and for the State of Texas,
do hereby certify that the foregoing 28 pages constitute a
full, true and correct transcription of the proceedings
had in the hearing on pretrial motions in the
above-captioned cause; thereafter, reduced to typewritten
form by me and under my supervision.

I further certify that this transcription of the record of the proceedings truly and correctly reflects the exhibits, if any, admitted into evidence.

WITNESS MY HAND on this the 27th day of March, 1995.

Christina M. Walluce CSR

CSR No. 2972

Certification Expires: 12-31-96

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